

# Mobilità sostenibile: trends, prospettive ed il ruolo del LNG

M. Dogliani – Technical Director

## 4 C (+ 1 L)



- > CHI
- > CONTESTO
- > COSA
- > COME
- > LNG







3.2 bn €

## Newbuilings Parts

#### **Maintenance**

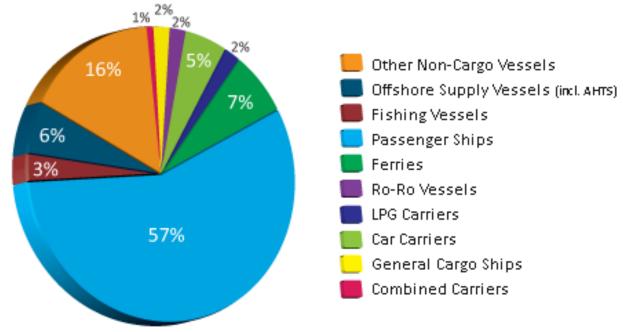


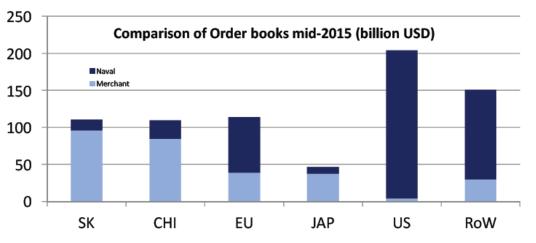
22000 companies

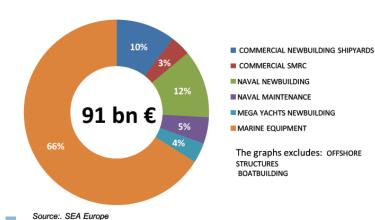
> 500,000 highly skilled workforce







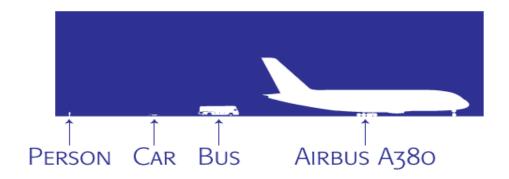




Source:. SEA Europe

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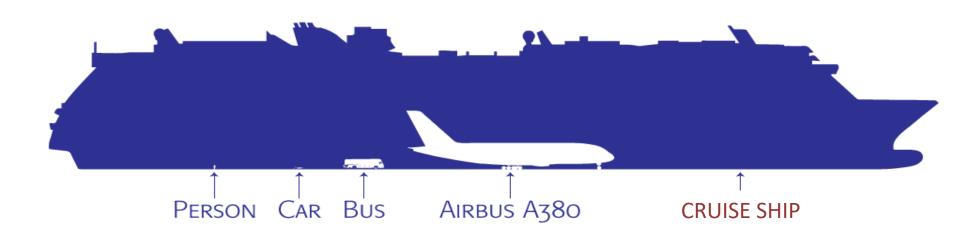






## Who are we?



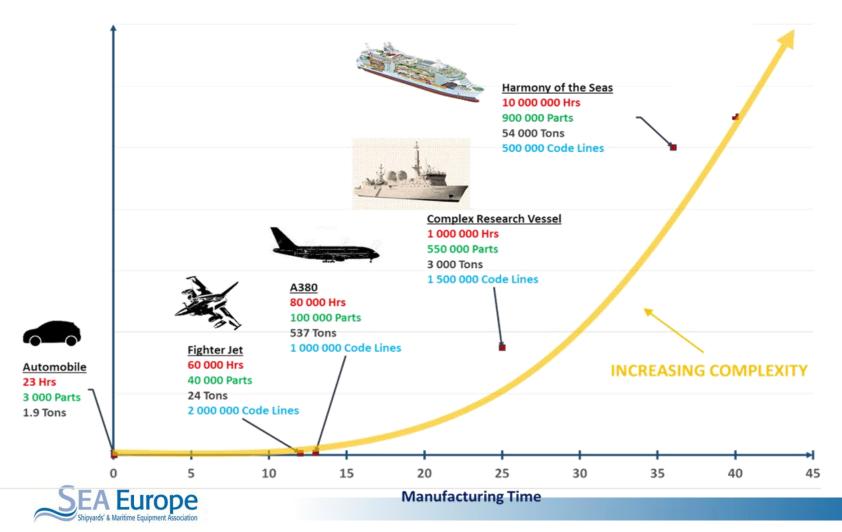






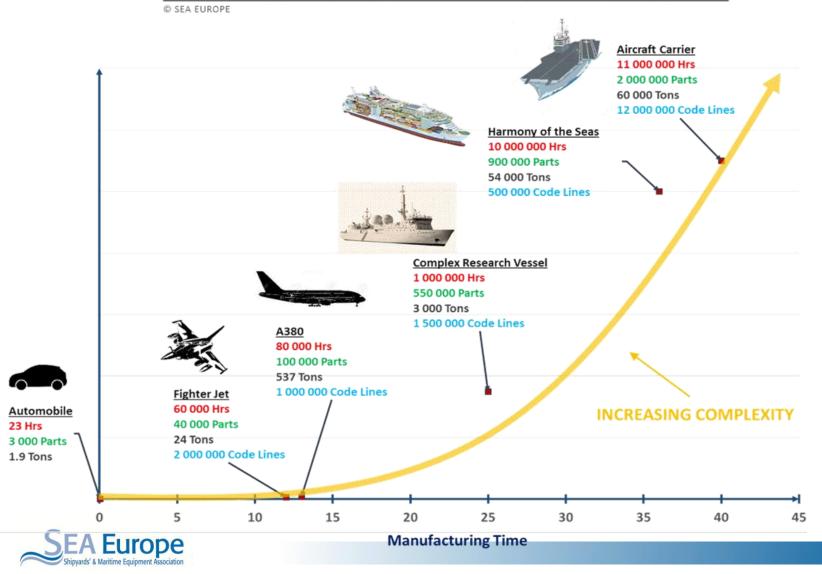
#### MARITIME INDUSTRIES: HIGHLY COMPLEX VESSELS

© SEA EUROPE





#### MARITIME INDUSTRIES: HIGHLY COMPLEX VESSELS



LNG

#### Chi siamo?







The delivery to Société des traversiers d will take place when the ferry arrives in Fincantieri said in a statement.







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#### Chi siamo?









Sea trade patterns are changing

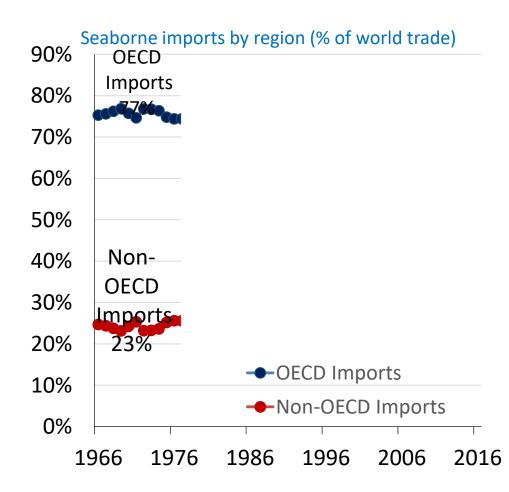






#### Sea trade growing but OECD losing market share

- 1. OECD now imports only 37% of cargo
- 2. China and Asia driving trade
- 3. Non-OECD 63% and maybe 75% soon
- 4. Non-OECD has six times the population



Source: Martin Stepford

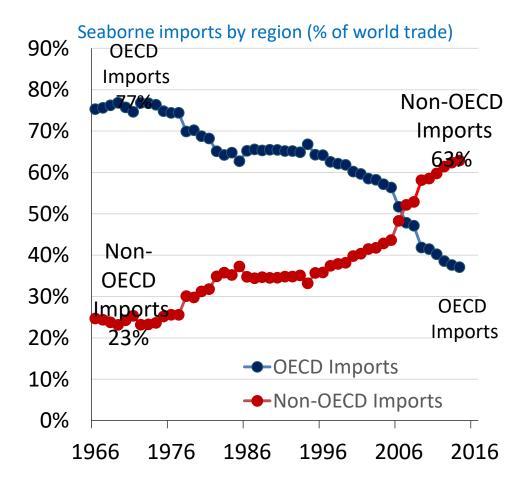


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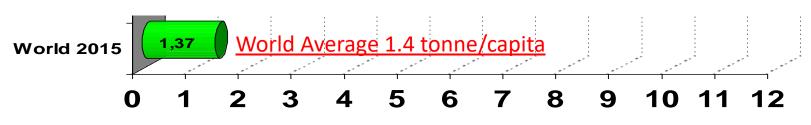


Source: Martin Stopford



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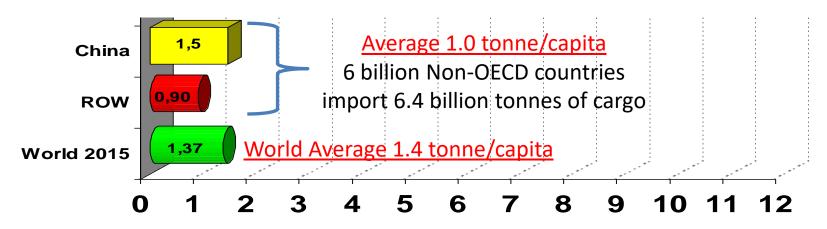


Sea imports per person a year in 2015

Source: Martin Stopford





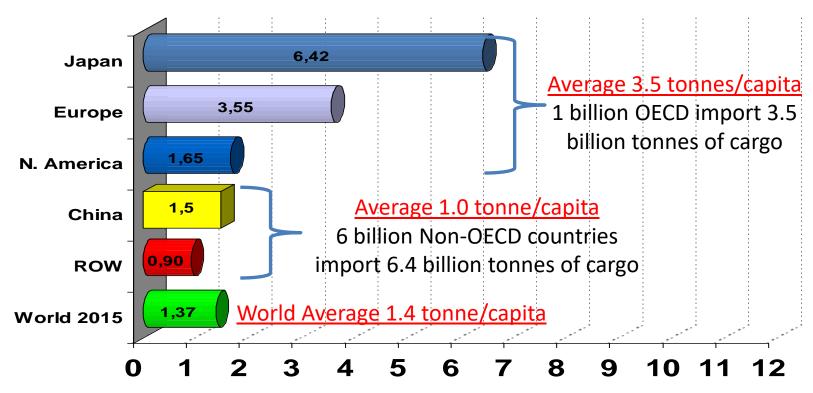


Sea imports per person a year in 2015

Source: Martin Stopford







Sea imports per person a year in 2015

Source: Martin Stopford











#### IMO agreement on technical regulations will reduce ships' CO2

MARPOL Annex VI, Chapter 4 adopted July 2011, which entered into force in January 2015

Regulations enter into force for over 90% of world fleet	new ships to meet agreed efficiency targets	New ships must improve efficiency 10%	New ships must improve efficiency up to 20%	New ships must improve efficiency 30%	
Ship Energy Efficiency Management Plan (SEEMP): mandatory implementation for all ships		20% CO <sub>2</sub> reduction per tonne/km (industry goal)			50% CO <sub>2</sub> reduction per tonne/km (industry goal)
2013 —)	2015	2020	2025	2030	→ 2050











Challenge	Targets	References
Decarbonisation (energy efficiency)	At least 27% improvement in energy efficiency At least 40% cuts in greenhouse gas emissions (from 1990 levels)	Renewable Energy Directive
Decarbonisation (alternative fuels)	At least 27% share for renewable energy A core network of refuelling points for LNG at maritime and inland ports should be available at least by the end of 2025 and 2030, respectively. Refuelling points for LNG include, inter alia, LNG terminals, tanks, mobile containers, bunker vessels and barges.	
Decarbonisation (modal shift)	<b>30% of road freight over 300 km should shift</b> to other modes such as rail or waterborne transport by 2030	-
Decarbonisation (smart grids)	replace at least 80% of electricity meters with smart meters by 2020. This smart metering and smart grids rollout can reduce emissions in the EU by up to 9%	
Decarbonisation	<ul> <li>EU cities should set up and deploy an Sustainable</li> <li>Energy and Climate Action Plan (SECAP) aiming at:</li> <li>defining the role of the various stakeholders in the implementation of the measures.</li> </ul>	Sustainable Energy and Climate Action Plan (SECAP)

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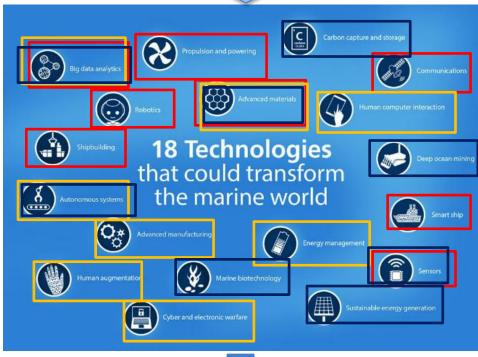


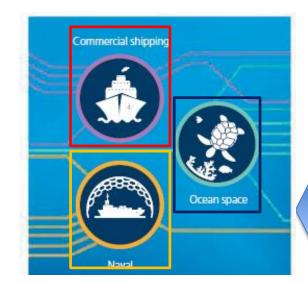














TechnoMax Ships will fundamentally change the business model of the shipping industry, in that it will be possible to obtain bespoke information and data on a 24/7 basis, thereby increasing commercial and regulatory effectiveness. For example:

TECHNOMAX LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS (LNG) CARRIER 2030
TECHNOMAX CONTAINER SHIP 2030
TECHNOMAX BULK CARRIER 2030

TECHNOMAX TANKER 2030





#### TechnoMax Ships

А

#### **Advanced Materials**



As graphene is an excellent conductor of heat, so it can be used to manufacture products that would be a fraction of the weight of the ones currently produced – some alloys like copper-graphene and iridium-graphene could be applied. The use of this material will make the vessels lighter. The utilisation of graphene specifically manufactured for a given application, the enhancement of heat-transfer properties, will be developed for several components in the engine room, including heat exchanger pipes, filters, sea chests, condensers and boilers.

В

#### **Big Data Analytics**



Visualisation aid for machinery control will be heavily influenced by big data. Visual stations, located around the engine room and tanks of the vessel, will be able to record, store and display the featured parameters. By means of infrequent reporting structures, they will unleash the data they contain on the major data centre, based on the dome and back-up device. Later on, data will be easily accessible for remote monitoring purposes.

C

#### Smart Ship



Graphene sensors will be used to detect traces of atmospheric pollutants and emissions of the vessel for monitoring and reporting purposes.

#### D

#### **Propulsion and Powering**



tNG carriers will be heavily affected by future technology developments in relation to propulsion. Combined utilisation of dual-fuel diesel generators together with batteries and fuel cells will be commonplace. These engines will be fully electronically controlled, incorporating a number of electronic control modules and a sensor network able to control and manage the engine under the different load and fuel conditions. Methanol, ethanol and glycerol use will be common, alongside the current and new ECA areas around the globe. Graphene holds the key to an energy storage revolution. Highly porous graphene-based supercapacitors have been developed, which can fully charge in just 16 seconds and undergo this some 10,000 times without a significant reduction in capacitance. The collating of various power-generation and propulsion systems will therefore be key for this ship type.

#### Е

#### Advanced Design Assistance



Combing virtual reality applications with classic design tools like CAD will help to design and allocate onboard equipment. Engine room circuits and cargo circuits will be easily designed, minimising cost and space. The use of productive augmented reality in technical assignments will be commonplace: from the visualisation of future facilities within a current production environment to the deviation measurement between a CAD model and the related assembly part. The use of augmented reality will also facilitate the negotiation phase of the vessel before the construction by means of electronic catalogues offered to the customers, showing the main vessel capabilities/arrangements. As such digital catalogues will help during the contract and design stage of the vessel. Visual tracking will be a commonly used tool for pose purposes.



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## Commercial Shipping Transformed

It is envisaged that these eight technologies will be implemented differently from ship type to ship type. These ships will be called TechnoMax Ships, as technology implementation will be at its most appropriate and fullest level in 2030. They will be operated differently from in the past, and will be smarter, data-driven, and greener, with flexible powering options, full on-board wireless connections, and digital connections through global satellites.

#### Crew

Due to the concurrent application of different kinds of technologies at different levels, a highly qualified and multi-skilled crew will be needed. The benefits of the balanced combination between a TechnoMax Ship managed by a highly skilled crew will be recognised by ship owners and ship operators. Effective action on the human element will require effort at the conception, design and construction stages of a ship's life, as well as throughout its operation.

#### New Skills

New skim will be required to maximise the benefits of a fully integrated logistics supply chain These skills will include.

- Big data management.
- Big data analytics
- Automated operation and maintenance (D&M)
- Management of complex service constructs
- Management of data belts to keep them safe from cyber attacks and maintain its integrity





Ship operations will be conducted partially or entirely onshore and remotely manned by personnel with doctorate degrees



LNG

## COSA.....2×30 2020







## SEA Human Capita Skilled HR



The European maritim than 500,000 people around 300 shipyards a industry is specialised innovative and high tect suppliers are first in the European shipyards ar designing, building and vessels such as offshore vessels. The industry's the most highly skille innovate the most ad complexity of products innovations created an

SEA Human Capital v access to and retains t works, amongst others,





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= 16 min





6000



#### COME





## Towards the LNG interoperable Italian network Interoperable Italian network

The planned investments are part of a unique complementary and heterogeneous set of actions aimed at the realization of the LNG interoperable Italian network, covering both infrastructure and vehicles, on the sea and land side.

PORT FACILITIES



LNG port coastal storage

LNG port refueling station

LNG Shore-side electricity

LNG & Bio-LNG liquefaction plant

LAND LOGISTIC



LNG refueling station

Land Logistic: LNG ISO Container Land Logistic: LNG tank truck Land Logistic: LNG rail service

SEA VESSELS



LNG Bunkering ship LNG boats & harbour vessels

LNG Cruise Ship

LNG Ferry

LNG fishing boat

**LNG HSC** 

LAND VEHICLES



LNG Heavy Duty Vehicles

LNG terminal vehicles and equipment

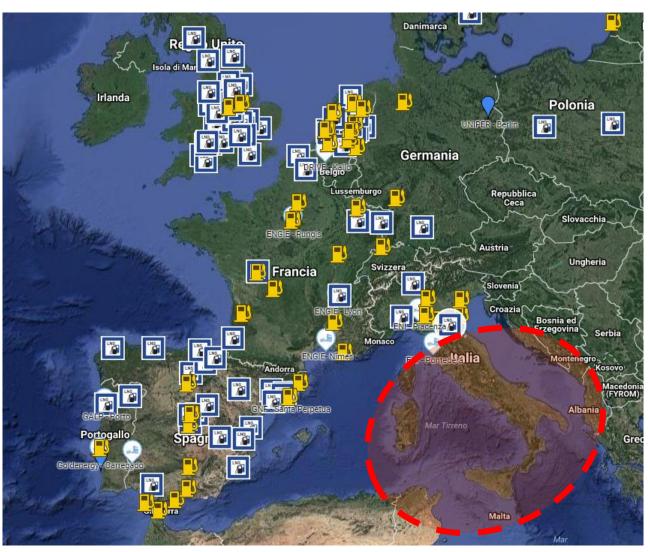
**LNG** rail tractors



**LNG** 



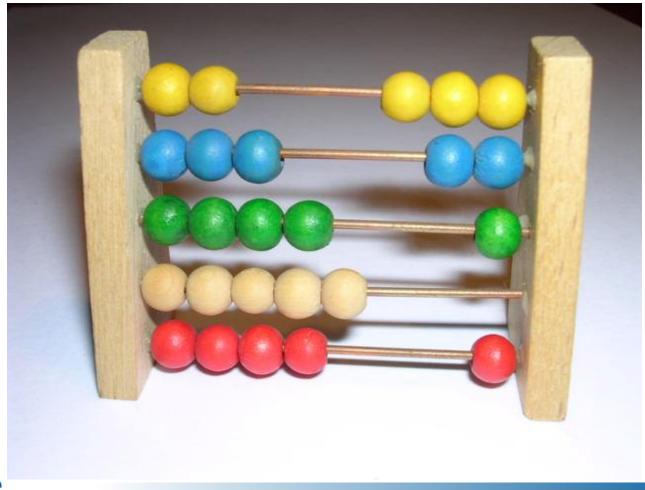








## $5 \times 20 = 100$ ?





# PORT&SHIPPINGTECH

#### **COMPETIZIONE**



When the going gets tough, the tough get going.

(Joseph P. Kennedy)

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